PIDCAP warning signs:

Pediatric warning signs
10 or more acute otitis media
3 or more sinusitis, orbital cellulitis
3 or more pneumonia
Failure to thrive
Organ abscesses/ deep abscesses
Recurrent skin abscess (3 or more)
Mucocutaneous candidiasis (oropharynx, cutaneous, excluded vaginal) in children over 12m old: 2 or more episodes.
2 or more systemic infections (including sepsis)
Unique severe condition that alone require study for primary immunodeficiencies (Meningitis caused by VHS, etc.)
Family history of primary immunodeficiencies
Consanguinity or other family history compatible with manifestations of primary immunodeficiencies (lymphomas, etc.)
Presence of cytopenia (without specifying if autoimmune)
Autoimmune cytopenia
Systemic autoimmune diseases (not including autoimmune cytopenia) (celiac disease, arthritis, etc.)
Endocrinopathology: Hypothyroidism, hyperparathyroidism, diabetes, etc. (Not described as autoimmune)
Haematological neoplasia
Solid organ neoplasia (only those that have been associated with IDP in paediatrics: thyroid)
Oral, dental/palatal anomalies
Chronic diarrhea
20 or more viral skin infection or chronic
Presence of chronic eczema or other dermatological manifestations related to PID
Recurrent fever
Inflammatory bowel disease in patient of 2 years or older
Inflammatory bowel disease in children under 2 years of age
Presence of bronchiectasis without cystic fibrosis
Vaccine reaction

Adult warning signs
8 or more acute otitis media
8 or more sinusitis or chronic sinusitis
3 or more pneumonias
Chronic diarrhea
Organ abscesses/ Deep abscesses
Recurrent skin abscesses of repetition (3 or more)
Oropharyngeal or cutaneous candidiasis (excluding vaginal candidiasis)
Recurrent viral infections (colds, herpes, warts, condylomas, etc.) 25 or more episodes
2 or more systemic infections including sepsis
Unique severe condition that alone require study for primary immunodeficiencies
Atypical mycobacteria infection
Family history of primary immunodeficiencies
Consanguinity or other family history compatible with manifestations of primary immunodeficiencies (haematological neoplasms)
Presence of cytopenia (without specifying if autoimmune)
Presence of bronchiectasis without cystic fibrosis
Autoimmune cytopenia
Systemic and endocrine autoimmune diseases (celiac disease, arthritis, systemic lupus, thyroiditis, etc.)
Haematological neoplasia (excluding multiple myeloma, chronic myeloid leukemia, Waldenström's disease, etc.)
Solid organ neoplasia (only those related with PID: skin, stomach, thyroid)
Inflammatory bowel disease
Oral, dental and palatal anomalies
Chronic eczema or other dermatological manifestations related to PID
Recurrent fever